

Request for Bids: Sign Installation Services for 936 Central Street, Millinocket, ME

Town of Millinocket

**CDBG Facade Project** 

### Introduction:

The Town of Millinocket is seeking sealed bids from qualified contractors to design, fabricate, and install a new sign in front of the business located at 936 Central Street, Millinocket, ME 04462, as part of the Town's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Facade Project.

### **Project Overview:**

The successful bidder will provide sign installation services, including but not limited to:

- Design and fabrication of a new sign
- Installation of the sign in front of the business
- Ensuring compliance with local sign ordinances and regulations

### **Bid Requirements:**

To be considered, bids must include:

- Proof of Insurance: Liability and workers' compensation insurance certificates
- W-9 Form: Completed and signed
- Quote for all work
- Optional: Attend pre-bid meeting on Thursday, January 9th, 10am at 936 Central Street, Millinocket

### **Bid Submission:**

Sealed bids must be addressed to:

Town of Millinocket

Attn: Amber Wheaton

197 Penobscot Ave

Millinocket, ME 04462



**Bid Deadline:** Thursday, January 30th, 10:30am at <u>197 Penobscot Ave., Millinocket in the Town</u> Manager's Office.

Contact Information:

**Amber Wheaton** 

Town of Millinocket

207.447.4100

cid@millinocket.org

7/17/24, 9:08 AM SAM.gov

"General Decision Number: ME20240017 05/24/2024

State: Maine

Construction Type: Building

County: Penobscot County in Maine.

Superseded General Decision Number: ME20230917

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (does not include single family homes or apartments up to and including 4 stories). Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minisums mage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those sat forth at 29 (FR 5.1(a)(1).

If the contract is entered	. Executive Order 14826
into on or after January 30,	generally applies to the
2022, or the contract is	contract.
renewed or extended (e.g., an option is exercised) on or	. The contractor must pay all covered workers at
after January 30, 2022:	least \$17.20 per hour (or
	the applicable wage rate
	listed on this wage
	determination, if it is
	higher) for all hours
	spent performing on the
	contract in 2024.
If the contract was awarded on	. Executive Order 13658
or between January 1, 2015 and	
January 29, 2022, and the	contract.
contract is not renewed or	. The contractor must pay all
extended on or after January	covered workers at least
30, 2022:	\$12.90 per hour (or the
	applicable wage rate listed
	on this wage determination,
	if it is higher) for all
	hours spent performing on that contract in 2024.
	that contract in 2024.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Rates

Fringes

Modification	Number	Publication	Dat
0		01/05/2024	
1		02/09/2024	
2		05/24/2024	

\* IRON9897-836 83/16/2824

IRONMORKER, REINFORCING AND STRUCTURAL	. \$ 31.37	24.79		
LAB08327-003 12/81/2023	*************			
	Rates	Fringes		
LABORER: Common or General (Industrial Work Only)		19.72		
* SUME2014-026 01/31/2017				
	Rates	Fringes		
BRICKLAYER	\$ 23.50	3.36		
CARPENTER, Includes Drywall Hanging, and Form Work	\$ 19.57	18.35		
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER.	\$ 17.82	4.52		
ELECTRICIAN	\$ 24.45	9.35		
INSULATOR - MECHANICAL (Duct, Pipe & Mechanical System Insulation)	\$ 19.89	2.29		
IRONMORKER, ORNAMENTAL	\$ 29.00	11.24		
LABORER: Common or General	\$ 15.23 **	7.30		
LABORER: Mason Tender - Brick.	\$ 18.86	3.56		
LABORER: Mason Tender - Cement/Concrete	\$ 15.48 **	0.00		
OPERATOR: Backhoe/Excavator/Trackhoe	\$ 31.38	5.91		
OPERATOR: Crane	\$ 22.78	9.98		
PAINTER (Brush and Roller)	\$ 16.05 **	3.03		
PAINTER: Spray	\$ 17.47	2.22		
PLUMBER	\$ 21.79	4.50		
ROOFER	\$ 19.50	2.60		
SHEET METAL WORKER, Includes HVAC Duct Installation	\$ 17.07 **	2. <del>0</del> 7		
WEIDERS . Hereive cate prescribed for coaft performing				

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

e\* Morkers in this classification may be entitled to a higher minimum wage under Executive Order 14026 (\$17.28) or 13658 (\$12.98). Please see the Mote at the top of the wage

determination for more information. Please also note that the siniumm wage requirements of Executive Order 14026 are not currently being enforced as to any contract or subcontract to which the states of Texas, Louisiana, or Mississippi, including their agencies, are a party.

Mote: Executive Order (EO) 13766, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 36 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at https://www.dol.gov/agenties/whd/government-contracts. https://www.dol.gov/agentles/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed fir work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after ward only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (111)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers"" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Mate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UANG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0193-005 07/81/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers local 0198. The next number, where applicable, i.e., Plumbers local 0198. The next number where applicable, i.e., an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/3/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EVAMPLE: UAVG-ON-0010 00/27/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. ON indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, wsually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SA" identifier indicate that the prevailing wage rate set by a state (mr local) government was adopted under 29 C.F.R. #0.1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 91/03/2024 reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the PSA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted. the state from which the rates were adopted.

### WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can

- an existing published wage determination a survey underlying a wage determination a Mage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a Wage determination matter a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On Survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Mage and Nour National Office because National Office has responsibility for

https://sam.gov/wage-determination/ME20240017/2

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the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, OC 20210

 If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Mage and Mour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Mrite to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20218

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (was payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

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END OF SENERAL DECISION"

### **EMPLOYEE RIGHTS** UNDER THE DAVIS-BACON ACT

### FOR LABORERS AND MECHANICS EMPLOYED ON FEDERAL OR FEDERALLY ASSISTED CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

**PREVAILING** WAGES

You must be paid not less than the wage rate listed in the Davis-Bacon Wage Decision posted with this Notice for the work you perform.

**OVERTIME** 

You must be paid not less than one and one-half times your basic rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 in a work week. There are few exceptions.

**ENFORCEMENT** 

Contract payments can be withheld to ensure workers receive wages and overtime pay due, and liquidated damages may apply if overtime pay requirements are not met. Davis-Bacon contract clauses allow contract termination and debarment of contractors from future federal contracts for up to three years. A contractor who falsifies certified payroll records or induces wage kickbacks may be subject to civil or criminal prosecution, fines and/or imprisonment.

**APPRENTICES** 

Apprentice rates apply only to apprentices properly registered under approved Federal or State apprenticeship programs.

**PROPER PAY** 

If you do not receive proper pay, or require further information on the applicable wages, contact the Contracting Officer listed below:

Town of Millinocket Amber Whichon Cia @ millinocket. Deg (207) 447-4100

or contact the U.S. Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division.



For additional information:

**1-866-4-US** 



W.WAGEHOUR.DOL.GOV

# Equal Employment Opportunity is

# Private Employers, State and Local Governments, Educational Institutions, Employment Agencies and Labor Organizations

Applicants to and employees of most private employers, state and local governments, educational institutions,

employment agencies and labor organizations are protected under Federal law from discrimination on the following bases:

## RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, SEX, NATIONAL ORIGIN

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, protects applicants and employees from discrimination in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment, on the basis of race, color, religion, sex (including pregnancy), or national origin. Religious discrimination includes failing to reasonably accommodate an employee's religious practices where the accommodation does not impose undue hardship.

### SARII ITY

Title I and Title V of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, protect qualified individuals from discrimination on the basis of disability in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment. Disability discrimination includes not making reasonable accommodation to the known physical or mental limitations of an otherwise qualified individual with a disability who is an applicant or employee, barring undue hardship.

### AGE

The Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended, protects applicants and employees 40 years of age or older from discrimination based on age in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment.

### SEX (WAGES)

In addition to sex discrimination prohibited by Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, as amended, the Equal Pay Act of 1963, as amended, prohibits sex discrimination in the payment of wages to women and men performing substantially equal work, in jobs that require equal skill, effort, and responsibility, under similar working conditions, in the same establishment.

### GENETICS

Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 protects applicants and employees from discrimination based on genetic information in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment. GINA also restricts employers' acquisition of genetic information and strictly limits disclosure of genetic information. Genetic information includes information about genetic tests of applicants, employees, or their family members; the manifestation of diseases or disorders in family members (family medical history); and requests for or receipt of genetic services by applicants, employees, or their family members.

### RETALIATION

All of these Federal laws prohibit covered entities from retaliating against a person who files a charge of discrimination, participates in a discrimination proceeding, or otherwise opposes an unlawful employment practice.

# WHAT TO DO IF YOU BELIEVE DISCRIMINATION HAS OCCURRED

There are strict time limits for filing charges of employment discrimination. To preserve the ability of EEOC to act on your behalf and to protect your right to file a private lawsuit, should you ultimately need to, you should contact EEOC promptly when discrimination is suspected:

The U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC), 1-800-669-4000 (toll-free) or 1-800-669-6820 (toll-free TTY number for individuals with hearing impairments). EEOC field office information is available at www.eeoc.gov or in most telephone directories in the U.S. Government or Federal Government section. Additional information about EEOC, including information about charge filing, is available at www.eeoc.gov.

# **Employers Holding Federal Contracts or Subcontracts**

Applicants to and employees of companies with a Federal government contract or subcontract are protected under Federal law from discrimination on the following bases:

## RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, SEX, NATIONAL ORIGIN

Executive Order 11246, as amended, prohibits job discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex or national origin, and requires affirmative action to ensure equality of opportunity in all aspects of employment.

### INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES

Section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, protects qualified individuals from discrimination on the basis of disability in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment. Disability discrimination includes not making reasonable accommodation to the known physical or mental limitations of an otherwise qualified individual with a disability who is an applicant or employee, barring undue hardship. Section 503 also requires that Federal contractors take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities at all levels of employment, including the executive level.

# DISABLED, RECENTLY SEPARATED, OTHER PROTECTED,

# AND ARMED FORCES SERVICE MEDAL VETERANS

The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. 4212, prohibits job discrimination and requires affirmative action to employ and advance in employment disabled veterans, recently separated veterans (within

three years of discharge or release from active duty), other protected veterans (veterans who served during a war or in a campaign or expedition for which a campaign badge has been authorized), and Armed Forces service medal veterans (veterans who, while on active duty, participated in a U.S. military operation for which an Armed Forces service medal was awarded).

### RETALIATION

Retaliation is prohibited against a person who files a complaint of discrimination, participates in an OFCCP proceeding, or otherwise opposes discrimination under these Federal laws.

Any person who believes a contractor has violated its nondiscrimination or affirmative action obligations under the authorities above should contact immediately:

The Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210, 1-800-397-6251 (toll-free) or (202) 693-1337 (TTY). OFCCP may also be contacted by e-mail at OFCCP-Public@dol.gov, or by calling an OFCCP regional or district office, listed in most telephone directories under U.S. Government, Department of Labor.

# Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance

### RACE, COLOR, NATIONAL ORIGIN, SEX

In addition to the protections of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin in programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance. Employment discrimination is covered by Title VI if the primary objective of the financial assistance is provision of employment, or where employment discrimination causes or may cause discrimination in providing services under such programs. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of sex in educational programs or activities which receive Federal financial assistance.

### INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of disability in any program or activity which receives Federal financial assistance. Discrimination is prohibited in all aspects of employment against persons with disabilities who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the job.

If you believe you have been discriminated against in a program of any institution which receives Federal financial assistance, you should immediately contact the Federal agency providing such assistance.